

## General Awareness Mega Quiz for SSC & RRB NTPC

**Q1. Major iron and Steel industries are located in the plateau of**

- (a) Deccan
- (b) Malwa
- (c) Telangana
- (d) Chhotangpur<sup>3</sup>

**Q2. The first biosphere reserve that was set up in India in 1986 is**

- (a) Nanda Devi
- (b) Nilgiris
- (c) Nokrek
- (d) Manas

**Q3. Zain-ul-Abdin, who prohibited cow slaughter, was a ruler of-**

- (a) Bengal
- (b) Gujarat
- (c) Malwa
- (d) Kashmir



**Q4. The great painter Khwaja Abdus Samad flourished at the Court of which one of the following?**

- (a) Akbar
- (b) Babar
- (c) Shershah
- (d) Shahjahan

**Q5. Itimad-ud-Daula's tomb at Agra was built by**

- (a) Akbar
- (b) Jahangir
- (c) Shahjahan
- (d) Nur Jahan

**Q6. Who among the following can attend meetings of the Union Cabinet?**

- (a) Cabinet Ministers
- (b) State Minister
- (c) Deputy Ministers
- (d) All the above

Complete Preparation for  
SSC Exams

**SSC  
EXTREME**

Video Courses, Test Series,  
eBooks

**Q7. The Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to**

- (a) The President of India
- (b) The Lok sabha
- (c) The Prime Minister
- (d) The Rajya Sabha

**Q8. Which one of the following statements is correct?**

- (a) The Prime Minister of India chooses his ministers only from members of either house of the Parliament
- (b) The Prime Minister chooses his Cabinet colleagues after due consultation with the President of India
- (c) The Prime Minister has full discretion in the choice of persons to be included in the Council of Ministers
- (d) The Prime Minister has only limited power in the choice of the Cabinet colleagues because of the discretionary powers vested with the President

**Q9. In which of the following article makes special provisions for the administration of certain areas called "Scheduled areas" in other than Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram.**

- (a) Art 243B
- (b) Art 244
- (c) Art 245
- (d) Art 334

**Q10. Which of the following subjects was transferred by the 42nd amendment of 1976 from the state list to the concurrent list?**

- (a) Health
- (b) Education
- (c) Irrigation
- (d) All the above

**Q11. Among the following, who is given the credit of carrying Jainism in South India?**

- (a) Sudharmana
- (b) Indrabhuti
- (c) Bhadrabahu
- (d) Sthulabhadra

**Q12. Where did Buddha die?**

- (a) Lumbini
- (b) Kushinagar
- (c) Pavapuri
- (d) Magadha

**Q13. Khajuraho Group of monuments is attributed to which dynasty?**

- (a) Chandela
- (b) Mughal
- (c) Maurya
- (d) Shunga



**Q14. Who among the following leaders dominated the Lucknow Pact in December, 1916?**

- (a) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (c) Moti Lal Nehru
- (d) Madan Mohan Malviya

**Q15. Usually each state has a High Court, but a common High Court for two or more states or for two or more states and union territories can be established by**

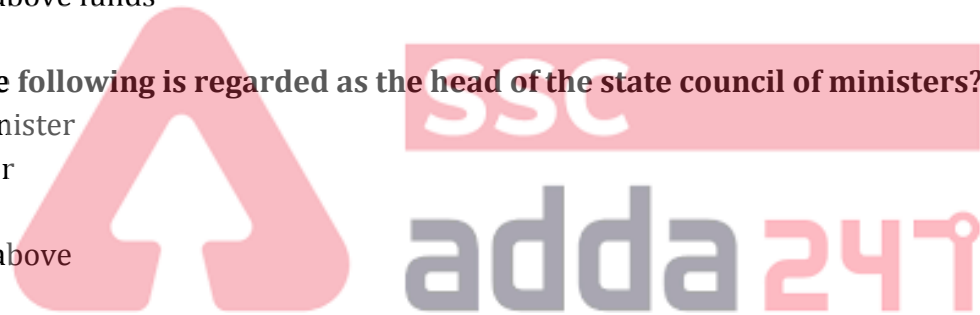
- (a) The Parliament
- (b) The President
- (c) The Chief Justice of India
- (d) All the above jointly

**Q16. The pension of the judges of the High Court is charged to**

- (a) The Consolidated Fund of the State
- (b) The Contingency Fund of state
- (c) The Consolidated Fund of India
- (d) None of the above funds

**Q17. Who of the following is regarded as the head of the state council of ministers?**

- (a) The Chief Minister
- (b) The Governor
- (c) The Speaker
- (d) None of the above



**Q18. Who appoints the chairman of all the parliamentary committees of Lok Sabha?**

- (a) President of India
- (b) Prime Minister of India
- (c) Speaker of Lok Sabha of India
- (d) Home Minister of India

**Q19. Which among the following is the unit of measurement of the “Ecological Footprint”?**

- (a) Global Hectare
- (b) Gallon Per Capita
- (c) Cubic meter
- (d) Man Hour

**Q20. Which among the following is known as “Sairandhri Vanam”?**

- (a) Silent Valley National Park
- (b) Mudumalai National Park
- (c) Periyar National Park
- (d) Guindy National Park

TEST SERIES  
Bilingual

SSC CGL TIER-II  
PRIME

59 Total Tests | eBooks

**Q21. The historical Sher Shah Suri Marg is called as:**

- (a) National Highway number 23
- (b) National Highway Number 11
- (c) National Highway Number 1
- (d) National Highway number 8

**Q22. With which of the following sports is the term 'big' associated? The word refers to sheets printed with numbers.**

- (a) Hockey
- (b) Football
- (c) Lawn Tennis
- (d) Running

**Q23. To which of the following states does the folk song 'Bhawaiya' belong?**

- (a) Chhattisgarh
- (b) Odisha
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Jharkhand

**Q24. \_\_\_\_\_ attacked the southern coast of Kathiawar along the Arabian Sea, where he sacked the city of Somnath and its renowned Hindu temple in 1026.**

- (a) Firoz Shah Tugalaq
- (b) Mahmud of Ghazni
- (c) Ahmed Shah Tugalaq
- (d) Muhammad Ghori

**Q25. In Economics, buying an asset in one market and simultaneously selling an identical asset in another market at a higher price is termed as \_\_\_\_\_.**

- (a) Depreciation
- (b) Mortgage
- (c) Arbitrage
- (d) Devaluation

**Q26. The powers, privileges and immunities of either House of Parliament and of its Committees and Members have mainly been laid down in article \_\_\_\_\_ of the Constitution of India.**

- (a) 115
- (b) 107
- (c) 105
- (d) 102

**Q27. An economic condition when there is one buyer and many sellers is called \_\_\_\_\_.**

- (a) Oligopoly
- (b) Monopoly
- (c) Perfect Competition
- (d) Monopsony

**Q28. Which of the following countries has the largest parliament in the world?**

- (a) UK
- (b) India
- (c) China
- (d) Japan

**Q29. Which one of the following is the brightest star in the Orion Constellation?**

- (a) Betelgeuse
- (b) Alnilam
- (c) Rigel
- (d) Bellatrix

**Q30. Mahatma Gandhi formed the Natal Indian Congress in the year\_\_\_\_\_.**

- (a) 1874
- (b) 1894
- (c) 1854
- (d) 1863

6 Months Subscription

**SSC CGL**  
**TIER-II MAHA PACK**

Test Series, Live Classes,  
Video Course, Ebooks

**Bilingual** (With e-Books)

