Q1. The maximum number of nominated members to Lok Sabha is ____.
(a) 4
(b) 3
(c) 1
(d) 2

Q2. The Almatti dam project on the Krishna River was an issue between which states?
(a) Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh
(b) Karnataka and Goa
(c) Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu
(d) Karnataka and Tamil Nadu

Q3. The Qutub Minar was named after the Sufi saint______
(a) Syed Waheed Ashraf
(b) Alaudin Sabir Kaliyari
(c) Khwaja Qutbuddin Bakhtiyar Kaki
(d) Qutub-ud-Din Aibak

Q4. ‘Shifting cultivation’ is also known as ____ in north-east India.
(a) Ladang
(b) Chena
(c) Jhum
(d) Logan

Q5. ____ is famous for outstanding specimen of Buddhist art and architecture, belonging to the period between the 3rd century B.C. and the 12th century A.D.
(a) Satna
(b) Vidisha
(c) Sanchi
(d) Dewas

Q6. Who decides on the issue related to the disqualification of a member of Lok Sabha under tenth Schedule?
(a) Prime Minister
(b) President
(c) Vice President
(d) Speaker
Q7. ____ is an important road link between Srinagar on one side and Kargil and Leh on the other side.
(a) Muling La
(b) Shipki La
(c) Zoji La
(d) Qara Tag La

Q8. What does the Lorenz Curve indicate?
(a) Relationship between the price of a certain commodity and its demand
(b) Income distribution
(c) Rate of employment
(d) Taxable income elasticity

Q9. ______ built the world famous Harmandar Sahib, popularly known as the Golden Temple in Amritsar.
(a) Guru Angad Dev
(b) Guru Arjan Dev
(c) Guru Siri Har Rai
(d) Guru Ram das

Q10. During whose reign did the Chinese traveller Hiuen Tsang visit India?
(a) Chandragupta Vikramaditya
(b) Samudragupta
(c) Chandragupta I
(d) Harshavardhana

Q11. When was the ‘Battle of Tukaroi’ fought?
(a) 1532
(b) 1565
(c) 1575
(d) 1546

Q12. What is the economic impact of increase in productivity of firms?
(a) Decrease in Gross Domestic Product
(b) No change in Gross Domestic Product
(c) The impact may vary among nations and their economic conditions
(d) Increase in Gross Domestic Product

(a) Sarojini Naidu
(b) Vikram Seth
(c) Rabidranath Tagore
(d) Kamala Suraiyya
Q14. In Parliament, who takes the final decision on whether a Bill is a Money Bill or not?
(a) Vice President
(b) Speaker
(c) Finance Minister
(d) Prime Minister

Q15. In the context of Indian parliament what is ‘Zero Hour’?
(a) Time immediately after Question Hour
(b) Time in the last half of the parliamentary proceeding
(c) Time before Question Hour
(d) Time in the first half of the parliamentary proceeding

Q16. When was the ‘Battle of Kanauj’ fought?
(a) 1540
(b) 1524
(c) 1556
(d) 1536

Q17. What would happen to the demand curve when there is an increase in the price of substitute products?
(a) Outward shift
(b) Remains constant
(c) Initially inward and then after a period outward shift
(d) Inward shift

Q18. The easternmost point of India is_______.
(a) Kibithu
(b) Wokha
(c) Mokokchung
(d) Doulchara

Q19. The Sahyadri Mountains run from _______ to kanyakumari, the southernmost part of India.
(a) Uttar Pradesh
(b) Madhya Pradesh
(c) Gujarat
(d) Rajasthan

Q20. The Aligarh Movement was started by___________.
(a) Dr. Maghfoor Ahmad Ajazi
(b) Muhammad Ali Jinnah
(c) Maulana Manzoor Ahsan
(d) Syed Ahmed khan
Q21. Who is the author of the book ‘Rajatarangini’?
(a) Banabhatta  
(b) Kalhana  
(c) Kalidasa  
(d) Somadeva

Q22. In which part of the Indian Constitution are Centre-state relations mentioned?
(a) Part IV (Article 227 to 234)  
(b) Part XI (Article 245 to 255)  
(c) Part X (Article 234 to 240)  
(d) Part XII (Article 265 to 277)

Q23. Who was the first female chief justice of a state high court in India?
(a) Syeda Tahira  
(b) Leila Seth  
(c) Ruma Pal  
(d) Fatima Bibi

Q24. Veer Kunwar Sing Jayanti is celebrated in __________ in order to recognize the achievements of Kunwar Singh during the Indian rebellion of 1857.
(a) Himachal Pradesh  
(b) Bihar  
(c) Uttarakhand  
(d) Uttar Pradesh

Q25. If there is a lack of money supply in comparison to the supply of goods and services, then the possible consequence would be _______.
(a) Hyperinflation  
(b) Deflation  
(c) Devaluation  
(d) Inflation

Q26. Vikramashila University was founded by ________, a Pala king.
(a) Rajendra Chola  
(b) Pulakeshin I  
(c) Mihira Bhoja  
(d) Dharmapala

Q27. Where is the Bandipur National park located?
(a) Karnataka  
(b) Kerala  
(c) Gujarat  
(d) Sikkim
Q28. Which is the longest national highway in India?
(a) National Highway 48
(b) National Highway 44
(c) National highway 53
(d) National highway 27

Q29. Right to move freely throughout the territory of India’ is a fundamental right under ______ of the Constitution of India.
(a) Article 24
(b) Article 21
(c) Article 14
(d) Article 19

Q30. The Suri king____ was defeated by Humayun to regain his kingdom.
(a) Mahmood Suri
(b) Sher Shah Suri
(c) Sikandar Suri
(d) Bahalol Suri