

General Awareness Sunday Mega Quiz for RRB NTPC (Solutions)

S1. Ans.(d)

Sol. Rainfall caused by intense evaporation in equatorial areas is called Conventional rainfall

S2. Ans.(b)

Sol. The Nanda Devi National Park, established in 1982, is a national park situated around the peak of Nanda Devi (7816 m) in the state of Uttarakhand in northern India.

S3. Ans.(d)

Sol. Ramabai moved to Pune where she founded Arya Mahila Samaj . The purpose of the society was to promote the cause of women's education and deliverance from the oppression of child marriage.

S4. Ans.(d)

Sol. Thiamine (Vitamin B_1) is a water-soluble vitamin that is necessary for carbohydrate and amino acid metabolism.

S5. Ans.(b)

Sol. Adrenaline is commonly known as the 'fight or flight hormone'. Adrenaline is a hormone released from the adrenal glands .

S6. Ans.(c)

Sol. A line drawn on a weather map connecting points that receive equal amounts of precipitation (rainfall, snow etc) during a given period of time is called Isohyets.

S7. Ans.(a)

Sol. Equality before law is well defined under the Article 14 i.e. Right to equality of the Constitution. It ensures that every citizen shall be likewise protected by the laws of the country.

S8. Ans.(c)

Sol. Bandipur National Park established in 1974 as a tiger reserve under Project Tiger, is a national park located in the Indian state of Karnataka, which is the state with the second highest tiger population in India.



S9. Ans.(a)

Sol. Strait of Malacca, waterway connecting the Andaman Sea (Indian Ocean) and the South China Sea (Pacific Ocean). It runs between the Indonesian island of Sumatra to the west and peninsular (West) Malaysia and extreme southern Thailand to the east and has an area of about 25,000 square miles (65,000 square km).

S10. Ans.(a)

Sol. Parambikulam Tiger Reserve, which also includes the erstwhile Parambikulam Wildlife Sanctuary, is a 391 square kilometres protected area in Chittur taluk in Palakkad district of Kerala state, South India.

S11. Ans.(b)

Sol. Red Shirt movement, byname of Khudai Khitmatgar in support of the Indian National Congress, an action started by Abdul Ghaffar Khan of the North-West Frontier Provinceof India in 1930.

S12. Ans.(d)

Sol. On March 12, 1930, Indian independence leader Mohandas Gandhi begins a defiant march to the sea in protest of the British monopoly on salt. The issue on which the Civil disobedience movement of 1930 was launched was Salt monopoly exercised by the British Government.

S13. Ans.(c)

Sol. The Ninth Schedule was added to the Constitution by the First Amendment in 1951 along with Article 31-B with a view to provide a "protective umbrella" to land reforms laws to save them from being challenged in courts on the ground of violation of fundamental rights.

S14. Ans.(b)

Sol. The presidencies of Bombay and Madras were made subordinate to the Presidency of Calcutta. The Governor of Bengal was designated the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William and he was to serve as Governor General of all British Territories in India. This Governor General was to be assisted by an executive council of four members.

S15<mark>. Ans.(a)</mark>

Sol. Governor can make advances out of the Contingency Fund of the state to meet any unforeseen expenditure.

S16. Ans.(c)

Sol. An emergency must be approved by the Parliament within a period of two months. It is imposed for an initial period of six months and can last for a maximum period of three years with repeated parliamentary approval every six months.

S17. Ans.(b)

2

Sol. NABARD was established on the recommendations of B. Sivaraman Committee, (by Act 61, 1981 of Parliament) on 12 July 1982 to implement the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development Act 1981(sixth five- year plan between 1980-1985).



S18. Ans.(b)

Sol. Humayun started the Mughal style of painting.

S19. Ans.(c)

Sol. The midnight sun is a natural phenomenon that occurs in the summer months in places north of the Arctic Circle or south of the Antarctic Circle, when the sun remains visible at the local midnight.

S20. Ans.(a)

Sol. Bangladesh is officially called as the People's Republic of Bangladesh.

S21. Ans.(d)

Sol. Godavari, also known as 'Dakshin Ganga' – the South Ganges, the second longest river of India after the Ganges, is the longest river of peninsular India.

S22. Ans.(c)

Sol. In an annular drainage pattern streams follow a roughly circular or concentric path along a belt of weak rock, resembling in plan a ring like pattern.

S23. Ans.(a)

Sol. Hyder Ali Khan was the Sultan and ruler of the Kingdom of Mysore in southern India. He offered strong resistance against the military advances of the British East India Company during the First and Second Anglo–Mysore Wars.

S24. Ans.(c)

Sol. Keshav Gangadhar Tilak, was an Indian nationalist, teacher, social reformer, lawyer and an independence activist. He was the first leader of the Indian Independence Movement. The British colonial authorities called him "The father of the Indian unrest." He was also conferred with the title of "Lokmanya", which means "accepted by the people. He belongs from Maharashtra.

S25<mark>. Ans.(c)</mark>

Sol. Venus is the second planet from the Sun, orbiting it every 224.7 Earth days. It has the longest rotation

period (243 days) of any planet in the Solar System and rotates in the opposite direction to most other planets. It has no natural satellites. Venus is by far the hottest planet in the Solar System, with a mean surface temperature of 735 K (462 °C; 863 °F), even though Mercury is closer to the Sun.

S26. Ans.(c)

Sol. Indonesia is largest producer of coconut in the world.

S27. Ans.(d)

Sol. Surendranath Bannerjee was not present in the founding session of Indian National Congress.



S28. Ans.(d)

Sol. The Indian National Congress is a broad-based political party in India which was founded in 1885. The Indian National Congress conducted its first session in Bombay from 28–31 December 1885 at the initiative of retired Civil service officer, Allan Octavian Hume.

S29. Ans.(d)

Sol. Ramabai moved to Pune where she founded Arya Mahila Samaj. The purpose of the society was to promote the cause of women's education and deliverance from the oppression of child marriage.

S30. Ans.(d)

Sol. The Daily Weather Map of India is prepared and printed at Pune.

5000

