

GA RRB NTPC 24th November (Questions)

Q1. The Governor-General was given power to issue ordinances by the act of

- (a) 1858
- (b) 1861
- (c) 1860
- (d) 1871

Q2. Which of the following is one of the causes for the passing of the Act of 1773?

- (a) Failure of Double Government
- (b) Success of Double Government
- (c) Agitation in India
- (d) Desire of the Indian Merchants

Q3. Pitt's India Bill was introduced by _____ in 1784.

- (a) Prime Minister Pitt
- (b) Governor-General of India
- (c) Senior Merchants
- (d) East India Company

Q4. Who among the following Governor General created the Covenanted Civil Service of India which later came to be known as the Indian Civil Service?

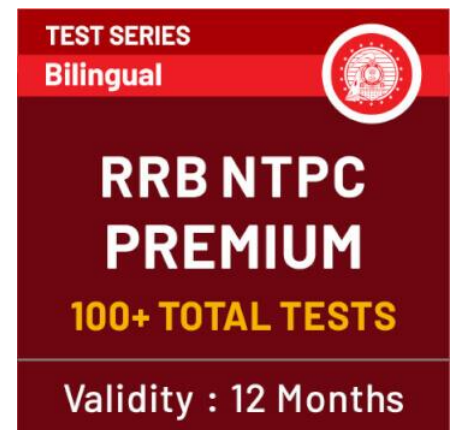
- (a) Warren Hastings
- (b) Wellesley
- (c) Cornwallis
- (d) William Bentinck

Q5. Under which article, President of India can proclaim constitutional emergency?


- (a) Article 32
- (b) Article 349
- (c) Article 356
- (d) Article 360

Q6. How many members of upper house (RajyaSabha) can be nominated by President of India?

- (a) 10
- (b) 12
- (c) 14
- (d) 16



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Q7. Who was the Defence Minister of India during the Indo China War of 1962?

- (a) R.N. Thapar
- (b) V.K. Krishna Menon
- (c) Govind Ballabh Pant
- (d) Jagjivan Ram

Q8. When was the States Reorganization Commission constituted?

- (a) 1953
- (b) 1952
- (c) 1951
- (d) 1954

Q9. The Ghatampur thermal power plant approved by Cabinet is to be setup in -

- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Uttar Pradesh
- (c) Karnataka
- (d) Madhya Pradesh

Q10. What process takes place during the youthful stage of a river?

- (a) Valley widening
- (b) River rejuvenating
- (c) Valley deepening
- (d) Meandering

Q11. Which is the largest organ in human beings?

- (a) Skin
- (b) Large Intestine
- (c) Small Intestine
- (d) Liver

Q12. Delonix regia Rafin is the scientific name of -

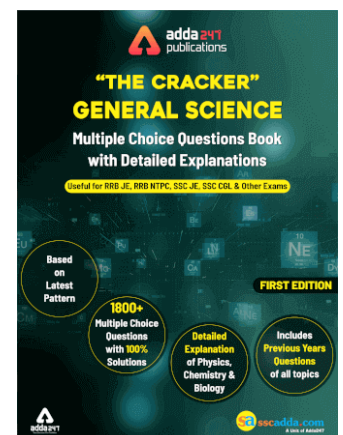
- (a) Banyan
- (b) Gulmohar
- (c) Tamarind
- (d) Chiku

Q13. The process of pollination by birds is also known as -

- (a) Hydrophily
- (b) Entomophily
- (c) Embryophily
- (d) Ornithophily

Q14. Who was elected as the permanent President of the Muslim League in 1908 ?

- (a) NawabSalimullah
- (b) Syed Ahmad Khan
- (c) Aga Khan
- (d) Syed Amir Ali



Q15. Who founded the Satyagraha Ashram at Wardha?

- (a) Gandhiji
- (b) Jamanlal Bajaj
- (c) JawaharLal Nehru
- (d) JB Kripalani

Q16. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad started an urdu weekly, the Al-Hilal in _____

- (a) 1912
- (b) 1914
- (c) 1915
- (d) 1916

Q17. "Betting and gambling" is listed in the _____ list given in the Seventh Schedule in the Constitution of India.

- (a) Union
- (b) State
- (c) Global
- (d) Concurrent

Q18. The first Law Minister of Independent India was -

- (a) M.C. Sitalwar
- (b) B.R. Ambedkar
- (c) Kailashnath Katju
- (d) Rafi Ahmad Kidwai

Q19. The biggest island of the Indian Ocean is

- (a) Maldives
- (b) Madagascar
- (c) Lakshadweep
- (d) Sumatra

Q20. Ganga is a result of confluence of rivers Bhagirathi and Alakananda at which place?

- (a) Deva Prayag
- (b) Karan Prayag
- (c) Gangotri
- (d) Rudra Prayag

Q21. The main aim of the attacks of Muhammad-bin-Tughluq in south India was

- (a) Extension of the empire
- (b) Plunder of wealth
- (c) Propagation of the Muslim culture in South India
- (d) To compel the rulers of South India to accept the sovereignty of the Delhi Sultanate

Q22. To which race did Mahmud Ghazni belong?

- (a) Arab
- (b) Afghan
- (c) Mongol
- (d) Turk

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Q23. The most learned medieval Muslim ruler who was well versed in various branches of learning including astronomy, mathematics and medicine was

- (a) Sikandar Lodhi
- (b) Iltutmish
- (c) Muhammad-bin-Tughluq
- (d) Alauddin Khalji

Q24. Who was the first Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Calcutta?

- (a) Hyde
- (b) Elijah Impey
- (c) Lemaistre
- (d) Monson

Q25. Which of the following is wrongly matched

- (a) The Pitt's India Act (1784) : Board of Control to guide and control company's affairs
- (b) Charter Act of 1813 : Company's monopoly of trade with India ended
- (c) Charter Act of 1833 : Company's debt taken over by the government of India
- (d) Charter Act of 1853 : To regulate company's affairs

Q26. What was the important landmark judgement regarding amendment of the Constitution (Article 368)

- (a) Shankari Prasad vs. Union of India
- (b) Golak Nath vs State of Punjab
- (c) Kesavananda vs State of Kerala
- (d) All the above

Q27. Administrative Tribunal is related which article

- (a) Article - 356
- (b) Article - 249
- (c) Article - 339
- (d) Article- 323

Q28. Who was the first Foreign Minister of free India?

- (a) Gulzari Lal Nanda
- (b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (c) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- (d) John Mathai

Q29. Japan's Parliament is known as -

- (a) Diet
- (b) Dail
- (c) Yuan
- (d) Shora

Q30. National Commission for SC and ST shall be made by which constitutional institution—

- (a) Parliament
- (b) Executive
- (c) Judiciary
- (d) State Legislature

