

General Awareness Sunday Quiz for SSC CGL

Q1. The beetroot is the _____ portion of the beet plant.

- (a) Tap root
- (b) Adventitious
- (c) Bulb of the stem
- (d) Rhizome

Q2. What is the basic unit of heredity?

- (a) DNA
- (b) RNA
- (c) Chromosome
- (d) Gene

Q3. Which of the following is a structural and functional unit of kidneys?

- (a) Renette Cells
- (b) Flame Cells
- (c) Nephrites
- (d) Nephrons

Q4. Which of the following is the largest part of the human brain?

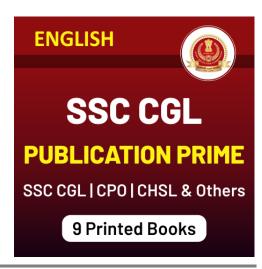
- (a) Ribs
- (b) Cerebrum
- (c) Pons
- (d) Thalamus

Q5. The auxiliary buds ____.

- (a) Grow endogenously from the pericycle
- (b) Arise endogenously from the main growing point
- (c) Is an embryonic shoot located in the axil of a leaf
- (d) Arise exogenously from the epidermis

Q6. Which non-flowering, spore bearing plants have roots?

- (a) Gymnosperms
- (b) Angiosperms
- (c) Ferns
- (d) None of these



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Q7. Which of the following is an excretory organ of cockroach?

- (a) Malphigian Tubules
- (b) Nephridia
- (c) Coxal Gland
- (d) Green Gland

Q8. Disorder in which concentration of glucose in the blood is high -

- (a) Hyperglycemia
- (b) Glycosuria
- (c) Glucoma
- (d) Uremia

Q9. Birds which swim in water have -

- (a) Webbed feet
- (b) Broad wings
- (c) Long beaks
- (d) Toes with claws

Q10. Which one of the following diseases is caused due to presence of excess arsenic in water?

- (a) Alzheimer's disease
- (b) Parkinson's disease
- (c) Skin cancer
- (d) Indigestion

Q11. Which river does not form a delta?

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Brahmputra
- (c) Godavari
- (d) Tapi

Q12. Bandhavgarh National Park is located in which State?

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Gujarat
- (d) Jharkhand

Q13. Which is called the "Lake District of India"?

- (a) Nainital
- (b) Shimla
- (c) Gangtok
- (d) Matheran

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Q14. The Coriolis force is maximum at _?

- (a) Mountain peaks
- (b) Tropics
- (c) Equator
- (d) Poles

Q15. The sea bed sloping gradually and bordering the continent is known as:

- (a) Coast
- (b) Continental Shelf
- (c) Continental Platform
- (d) Continental Slope

Q16. The term 'epicentre' is associated with

- (a) Earthquakes
- (b) Volcanoes
- (c) Cyclones
- (d) Landslides

Q17. What is the shape of the Earth's orbit around the sun?

- (a) Circular
- (b) Hyperbolic
- (c) Elliptical
- (d) Parabolic

Q18. The busiest ocean trade route of the world is in

- (a) Atlantic ocean
- (b) Arctic ocean
- (c) Indian ocean
- (d) Pacific ocean

Q19. Atlas Mountain is in which continent?

- (a) Africa
- (b) Europe
- (c) Asia
- (d) Australia

Q20. Trade winds blow from the

- (a) equatorial low pressure
- (b) polar high pressure
- (c) subtropical high pressure
- (d) subpolar low pressure



Q21. UV rays coming from Sun, majorly causes which cancer?

- (a) Lungs cancer
- (b) Liver cancer
- (c) Mouth cancer
- (d) Skin cancer

Q22. Which of the following is not a vector quantity?

- (a) Acceleration
- (b) Electric current
- (c) Force
- (d) Velocity

Q23. What is the process of conversion of solid state directly to gaseous state called?

- (a) Evaporation
- (b) Condensation
- (c) Sublimation
- (d) Distillation

Q24. When a ball is thrown vertically upwards, which of the following quantities remains constant during its motion?

- (a) Energy
- (b) Displacement
- (c) Velocity
- (d) Acceleration

Q25. What is the SI unit of heat energy?

- (a) Joule
- (b) Newton
- (c) Calorie
- (d) Kelvin

Q26. If the orbit of a planet is an ellipse then what is the point at which the Sun is located called?

- (a) Centre
- (b) Circumcentre
- (c) Incentre
- (d) Focus

Q27. Who invented the electrocardiogram (ECG)?

- (a) Willem Einthoven
- (b) Edward Jenner
- (c) Antonio de Ulloa and Charles Wood
- (d) Karl Benz

Q28. If the speed of an object moving along a straight line keeps changing, its motion is said to be _____ (a) Uniform (b) Periodic (c) Circular (d) Non-uniform Q29. The substances which reduce friction are called _____. (a) Irregularities (b) Lubricants (c) Adhesives (d) Viscous



Q30. If the force applied on the object is in the direction opposite to the direction of motion, the speed of the object _____.

- (a) Increases
- (b) Stops
- (c) Decreases
- (d) No effect

