

General Awareness Mega Quiz for RRB NTPC Exams (Solutions)

S1. Ans.(c)

Sol. Uttar Pradesh has the largest road network in the country.

S2. Ans.(d)

Sol. India ranks 7th in the world according to its territorial area. It is 2.2% of world area. It is 2nd in population after China.

S3. Ans.(c)

Sol. Dengue is a mosquito-borne viral infection causing a severe flu-like illness and, sometimes causing a potentially lethal complication called severe dengue.

S4. Ans.(a)

Sol. Nerve cell or neuron is the longest cell in the human body. Motor neurons are about 4 ft 3 in (1.3 m) long. They have cell bodies in the lower spinal cord with axons that carry nerve impulses from the spinal cord down to big toe.

S5. Ans.(d)

Sol. Amir Khusro, a Sufi musician, poet and scholar, was known as Tuti-e-Hind (Parrot of India). He was not only a notable poet but also a prolific and seminal musician. He wrote poetry primarily in Persian, but also in Hindayi.

S6. Ans.(d)

Sol. Pandit Hariprasad Chaurasia is an Indian classical flutist who plays in the North Indian tradition. Ustad Zakir Hussain is an Indian tabla player, musical producer, film actor and composer.

\$7. Ans.(a)

Sol. Kerala has been a major spice exporter since 3000 BCE, according to Sumerian records and it is still referred to as the "Garden of Spices" or as the "Spice Garden of India". Kerala's spices attracted ancient Babylonians, Assyrians and Egyptians to the Malabar Coast in the 3rd and 2nd millennia BCE.

S8. Ans.(c)

Sol. Hailey's comet is arguably the most famous comet. It is a periodic comet and returns to Earth's vicinity about 75 years making it possible for a human to see it twice in his/her lifetime.



S9. Ans.(d)

Sol. The Radcliffe line was announced on 17th August, 1947 as a boundary demarcation line between India and Pakistan upon the Partition of India.

S10. Ans.(a)

Sol. Himayat is a placement linked skill development initiative for training and placement of 1 lakh youths from J&K in next 5 years. Himayat is an Urdu word which means support.

S11. Ans.(a)

Sol. Penicillin is a group of antibiotics derived from Penicillium fungi. It is produced when growth of the fungus is inhibited by stress. The discovery of penicillin is attributed to Scottish scientist and Nobel laureate Alexander Fleming in 1928.

S12. Ans.(b)

Sol. The boiling point of water using the scientific Kelvin scale of temperature measurement is 373° Kelvin or 100° Celsius. The freezing point of water is 273° Kelvin or 0° Celsius. The Kelvin scale is related to the Celsius scale such that the difference between the freezing and boiling points of water is 100 degrees in each.

S13. Ans.(a)

Sol. Wall Street is the financial district of New York City. It is the home of the New York Stock Exchange, the world's largest stock exchange by market capitalization of its listed companies, NASDAQ, the New York Mercantile Exchange, the New York Board of Trade and the former American Stock Exchange. Anchored by Wall Street, New York City has been called the world's principal financial center.

S14. Ans.(a)

Sol. Mohenjodaro means 'Mound of the Dead.' It is an archeological site in the province of Sindh, Pakistan. Built around 2600 BC, it was one of the largest settlements of the ancient Indus Valley Civilization, and one of the world's earliest major urban settlements.

S15. Ans.(a)

Sol. Mesopotamia is a name for the area of the Tigris-Euphrates river system, corresponding to modern-day Iraq, Kuwait, the northeastern section of Syria and to a much lesser extent southeastern Turkey and smaller parts of south-western Iran. Today, Iraq encompasses the Mesopotamian alluvial plain.

S16. Ans.(b)

Sol. Aluminium is the third-most abundant element in the earth's crust. It is found in different types of minerals. Bauxite is the primary raw material for refining aluminium oxide, or alumina, which is used to produce primary aluminium metal.



S17. Ans.(b)

Sol. ELISA is an abbreviation for "enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay." The ELISA Test uses components of the immune system and chemicals to detect immune responses in the body (for example, to infectious microbes). It is usually the first test used to detect infection with HIV/AIDS.

S18. Ans.(a)

Sol. The Grand Trunk passes through Howrah, Bardhaman Panagarh, Durgapur, Asansol, Dhanbad, Aurangabad, Dehrion-sone, Sasaram, Mohania, Mughalsarai, Varanasi, Allahabad, Kanpur, Kalianpur, Kannauj, Etah, Aligarh, Ghaziabad, Delhi, Panipat, Karnal, Ambala, Ludhiana, Jalandhar and Amritsar. It is India's longest road, running from Kolkata to Amritsar.

S19. Ans.(c)

Sol. The Falkland Islands are an archipelago in the South Atlantic Ocean on the Patagonian Shelf. The Falklands are continental crust fragments resulting from the break-up of Gondwana and the opening of the South Atlantic that began 130 million years ago.

S20. Ans.(b)

Sol. The Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) is an international organization whose mission is to coordinate the policies of the oil-producing countries. Established in 1960, OPEC has twelve member countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates and Venezuela.

S21. Ans.(d)

Sol. The remains of Vijaynagar Empire can be found at Hampi which is located within the ruins of Vijayanagar, the former capital of the Vijayanagar Empire. It is situated on the banks of the Tungabhadra River.

S22. Ans.(b)

Sol. The Andaman Islands are a group of Indian Ocean archipelagic islands in the Bay of Bengal, between the Indian peninsular to the west and Burma to the North and east.

It has 325 islands which cover an area of 6408 km² (2474 sq m), with the Andaman sea to the East between the islands and the coast of Burma. The nearest landmass

in the North is Myanmar.

S23. Ans.(a)

Sol. The weight of average adult human brain is 1200-1300 g. While in newborn babies it is 350-400 g. The brain is most complex and magnificent organ of human body. It controls our actions, body movement and sensitivity.

S24. Ans.(b)

Sol. India, Kazakhstan joint army exercise KAZIND will be conducted between Indian and Kazakhstan Army in Otar region.



S25. Ans.(b)

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S28. Ans.(a)

Sol. The Khajuraho Group of Monuments is a group of Hindu temples in Chhatarpur, Madhya Pradesh, India.

S29. Ans.(a)

Sol. Shaped as large rectangular tank, Amrit Sarovar makes the perfect hinterland for the holy Golden Temple (Harmandir Sahib Gurudwara) and is one of the most beautiful parts of the city of Amritsar.

S30. Ans.(b)

Sol. Galileo made his first telescope in 1609. Samuel Morse independently developed and patented a recording electric telegraph in 1837. Alexander Graham Bell was awarded the first U.S. patent for the invention of the telephone in 1876. Teletype machines from the AP, UPI and Reuters, were invented in 1924, and phased out in the 1970s.

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