

# **General Awareness Mega Quiz for RRB NTPC (Solutions)**

# **S1.** Ans.(a)

**Sol.** In the 89th Amendment of the Constitution coming into force on 19 February 2004, the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes has been set up under Article 338A on bifurcation of erstwhile National Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to oversee the implementation of various safeguards provided to Scheduled Tribes under the Constitution.

# **S2.** Ans.(c)

**Sol.** Sri Guru Nanak Dev was born in 1469 in Talwandi, a village in the Sheikhupura district, 65 kms. west of Lahore. His father was a village official in the local revenue administration. As a boy, Sri Guru Nanak learnt, besides the regional languages, Persian and Arabic.

# S3. Ans.(b)

**Sol.** Western Ghats also known as Sahyadri is a mountain range that runs parallel to the western coast of the Indian peninsula, located entirely in India. It is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and is one of the eight "hottest hot-spots" of biological diversity in the world.

# S4. Ans.(a)

**Sol.** The European planters at Champaran in Gujarat practised illegal methods of indigo cultivation and forced the Indian peasants to cultivate Indigo on 3/20th part of their land holding. This was called Tinkathia system. Peasants of Champaran with the help of Gandhi and Rajendra Prasad organised Satyagraha and led to abolition of Tinkathia system.

# **S5. Ans.(c)**

**Sol.** Merger of Mysore is not credited to Lord Dalhousie.

# **S6.** Ans.(c)

**Sol.** Bahadur Shah regained the kingdom from Mughals in 1536 but he was killed by the Portuguese on board the ship when making a deal with them.

### **S7.** Ans.(b)

**Sol.** Papanasham also spelt as Pavanasam is a famous picnic spot in Tirunelveli district in the Indian state of Tamil Nadu.

### **S8.** Ans. (c)

**Sol.** The latitudinal extent of indian mainland = 8°4'N.

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# **S9.** Ans.(b)

**Sol.** French colony comprising geographically separate enclaves on the Indian subcontinent. French made their advent through Pondicherry. The possessions were originally acquired by the French East India Company beginning in the second half of 17th century.

# **S10.** Ans.(b)

**Sol.** The French East India Company was a commercial enterprise, founded in 1664 to compete with the English and Dutch East India companies in the East Indies.

# S11. Ans.(b)

**Sol.** Part XVII of the Constitution of India. Part XVII is a compilation of laws pertaining to the constitution of India as a country and the union of states that it is made of. This part of the constitution consists of Articles on Official Language.

# S12. Ans.(d)

**Sol.** The State Election Commissions constituted under the Constitution (Seventy-third and Seventy-fourth) Amendments Act, 1992 for each State / Union Territory are vested with the powers of conduct of elections to the Corporations, Muncipalities, Zilla Parishads, District Panchayats, Panchayat Samitis, Gram Panchayats and other local bodies. They are independent of the Election Commission of India.

# S13. Ans.(c)

**Sol.** Mars is often called the 'Red Planet' because it appears in the sky as an orange-red star. The colour caused the ancient Greeks and Romans to name it after their god of war.

# **S14.** Ans.(d)

**Sol.** Starting at the Prime Meridian and heading eastwards, the Tropic of Capricorn passes through 10 countries: Namibia, Botswana, South Africa, Mozambique, Madagascar, Australia, Chile, Argentina, Paraguay and Brazil.

### **S15.** Ans.(d)

**Sol.** Hussain Sagar is a necklace shaped lake in Hyderabad built by Ibrahim Quli Qutb Shah, and named after Hussain Shah Wali.

# S16. Ans.(c)

**Sol.** Kapildhara waterfall is located in the Amarkantak district of the central Indian state of Madhya Pradesh. It is situated on Narmada river.

### **S17.** Ans.(d)

**Sol.** Thermal power industries is the biggest consumer of water in India as given option.



# **S18.** Ans.(b)

**Sol.** China has the maximum number of neighbours touching its border. The 14 countries touching its border are: India, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Russia, North Korea, Vietnam, Laos, Myanmar, Bhutan and Nepal

# S19. Ans.(a)

**Sol.** Inexhaustible resources are those resources which are present in unlimited quantity in nature and those resources which do not get exhausted or depleted by human activities. Inexhaustible resources are also known as renewable resources. These include air, clay sand, water and solar energy.

# S20. Ans.(d)

**Sol.** Weather is described in terms of variable conditions such as temperature, humidity, wind velocity, precipitation, and barometric pressure. The average weather conditions of a region over time are used to define a region's climate.

# S21. Ans.(c)

**Sol.**The title of viceroy was added to the office of the Governer- general of India for the first time in 1858 A.D.

# S22. Ans.(c)

**Sol.** Bhoja (reigned c. 1010–1055 CE) was an Indian king from the Paramara dynasty. His kingdom Bhoja is best known as a patron of arts, literature, and sciences.

# S23. Ans.(c)

**Sol.** In economics, an inferior good is a good whose demand decreases when consumer income rises (or demand rises when consumer income decreases), unlike normal goods, for which the opposite is observed.

# S24. Ans.(c)

**Sol.** Babar and Jahangir were the two Mughal emperor who wrote their own memoirs.

### **S25.** Ans.(b)

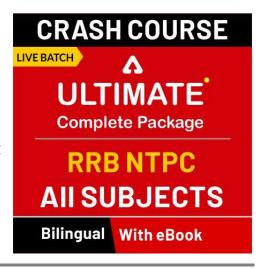
**Sol.** The Lion capital at Sarnath belongs to King Ashoka. Answer: ashoka king belongs the Lion capital at Sarnath.

### **S26.** Ans.(d)

**Sol.** The use of spinning wheel (Charkha) became common during the 14th Century AD.

### S27. Ans.(c)

Sol. The language of discourses of Gautama Buddha was Pali.



# S28. Ans.(a)

**Sol.** Before the framing of the constitution started, an Objectives Resolution (the resolution that defined the aims of the Assembly) was moved by Jawaharlal Nehru in 1946. This resolution enshrined the aspirations and values behind the Constitution making.

# S29. Ans.(a)

**Sol.** Velayudhan Chempakaraman Thampi (1765–1809) was the Dalawa or Prime Minister of the Indian kingdom of Travancore between 1802 and 1809 during the reign of Bala Rama Varma Kulasekhara Perumal. He is best known for being one of the earliest

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individuals to rebel against the British East India Company's supremacy in India.

# S30. Ans.(d)

**Sol.** Under the Mountbatten Plan of 1947 the people of N.W.F.P and the Sylhet district of Assam were given the right to decide through a plebiscite whether they wished to join Pakistan or India.

